

Any consultants acknowledge that mission planning is becoming ever more complex. Congregations often feel the need to reach out and be in mission with the community. Some (both consultants and congregations!) find it hard to know where to begin and where to focus their attention. Moreover, navigating the differences and the similarities between congregations can be time-consuming and yield little more than fruitless comparisons.

This model changes the focus to enable us to identify the barriers to effective mission for a congregation and to choose from a range of strategies depending on the size and strength of the congregation, and its capacity to respond to missional opportunities.

This has been the working model for the Pastoral Relations and Mission Planning team of the SA Presbytery/Synod of the Uniting Church for 2015.

Larger congregations Sentinel congregations	Quadrant A	Quadrant B	
Smaller congregations Faith communities	Quadrant D	Quadrant C	
	Low capacity to respond to missional opportunities	High capacity to respond to missional opportunities	

The Model:

The two variables used here are:

Size/strength of congregations and Low capacity vs. high capacity to respond to missional opportunities, and thus four categories emerge.

Placing a particular congregation in any specific quadrant is a subjective matter and any congregation or faith community may change their place on this model swiftly, sometimes because they have worked hard at developing a strength or capacity, and sometimes because change comes whether we plan it or not! When working with a congregation we often find ourselves "hovering" around a place on the model, always hopeful that with just a little "something" it would change. It often does! Paying attention is sometimes what it takes.

It is our experience that outsiders tend to assess pretty accurately where a particular congregation sits in the model, but what matters most, is where the congregation sees itself.

Quadrant A Quadrant B Congregations on the 80/80/80 /80 rule -These congregations are ostensibly our largest and strongest. ✓ About 80 regular worshippers ✓ Can afford 80% of a stipend Characteristics include: ✓ 80% are around 70-80 years of age ✓ Multiple leadership that equips and ✓ 80% of all effort goes into making worship empowers happen on Sundays ✓ Collaborative and permission-giving culture ✓ Capacity to take risks ✓ Strength in lay leadership Congregations that have been strong for decades ✓ Open structures that allow participation, until now, have a site of importance to the Church, and still seek to embody all that it is to be a support and reward to flourish. congregation but are feeling stretched and tired. These churches have more missional ideas and These congregations constantly have an outward opportunities than they can manage. looking perspective. These congregations closely watch their budget, These congregations have the capacity to plant and have pared it down as much as possible to new congregations, usually in the model of selfmaintain what they do. These churches are full of replication. faithful disciples who have kept their churches "on track" for decades. Smaller congregations Faith communities Quadrant D Quadrant C These congregations fall into two categories: Whilst these congregations/faith communities may be small, they have galvanised themselves into a 1. "Tending the flame" communities where the missional focus. purpose remains focused on worshipping God and being a presence so that Christianity These communities may be monastic, missional, remains a living presence in the community. discipling or service-orientated. 2. Congregations that recognise that when a These communities may be grafted onto other number of key people die, the congregation is congregations in the other quadrants. likely to die. These communities have a capacity to grow and to replicate themselves as they gain strength and wisdom about their contribution to the work of Christ's realm. Low capacity to respond to High capacity to respond to missional opportunities missional opportunities

Capacity usually has three components:

- Human resources leadership, volunteers, » expertise.
- Financial resources either by using extensive » reserves from a long history of faithful stewardship or by the willingness of members to give regularly or find "extra mile" funding from deeper pockets.
- Resources of faithfulness and spirituality a » particular depth of discipleship and discernment; a willingness to trust God and each other; a collaborative generosity, a preparedness to give things up; and listening for the call of the Holy Spirit.

Missional work requires all three, but often we find congregations working with only one of the three.

In our particular context in the UCA in South Australia, the characteristics of the quadrants look like this:

Quadrant A churches are in the toughest place. It is easy for a congregation in Quadrant A to slip to Quadrant D and it takes much intentional activity to move a Quadrant A church into Quadrant B.

Quadrant B churches may spend all their capacity just trying to stay in Quadrant B. These congregations give much to the denomination.

Quadrant C churches have nothing to lose and everything to gain. They may choose to have a short lifespan, or grow into new opportunities for mission.

Quadrant D churches face difficult decisions. Some face them positively but others find it just too hard.

The task of the Pastoral Relations and Mission Planning team is to help congregations honestly consider where they might sit in the model, and then to work with them on building capacity (developing discipleship as expressed by the three capacity builders) as they listen for God's call to mission for them. The mission planning component is focused on

- » Identity
- Purpose »
- » Context

and these too change with the seasons of community life.

Deeper applications of the model:

We have found that the model allows us to differentiate the focus of our work with congregations.

Goal setting and planning approaches may include:

Larger congregations Sentinel congregations	Quadrant A Asset-based mission planning. Working from strengths. Appreciative enquiry. Effective partnerships with other organisations/churches/ communities.	Quadrant B Getting the structure right. Effective staffing ratios. Leadership and management education. Resourcing and planning help to "nudge" a congregation to the next level of missional engagement.	A further vision Church planting Supporting very large visions Resourcing other congregations
Smaller congregations Faith communities	Oundering legacy. Rationalising property. Considering how to be a gift to the community. Discerning a future in these circumstances is time-consuming but can achieve surprising results.	Quadrant C Getting the practices right. Attention to the small, important aspects of community life. Keeping the mission alive and responsive. Short consultations provide encouraging, positive feedback.	A further vision Becoming a blueprint for other smaller faith communities to follow – even a sort of franchising. Growing to be a congregation.
S	Low capacity to respond to missional opportunities	High capacity to respond to missional opportunities	Capacity for new horizons

It is notable that it is important to keep a new vision in view for every congregation, no matter what quadrant it finds itself. God is always about re-creating and re-vitalising the church.

This paper provides the minimum outline of the model. We hope that readers will take time to examine each quadrant and look for what it might have to offer ministry and mission in their own context.

Leadership strengths

The model offers ways to think about the type of leadership a particular congregation may need if they are to respond faithfully to the call to develop their capacity to respond to missional opportunities. In the diagram below, you will find simple indicators of the type of ministry leader that will help a particular congregation to grow in mission and strength.

Quadrant A

MOTIVATE

PLAN

ENCOURAGE

Personal qualities of hopefulness and resilience. This is the hardest quadrant for single minister placements.

Quadrant D

CREATE – a capacity to see the stirrings of new life and make something new.

A willingness to celebrate the small things and to appreciate each member of the community. Understanding how to **PASTOR** a community through death into new life.

Low capacity to respond to missional opportunities

We are still learning what the model has to offer. Amongst its gifts is the opportunity to map our Presbytery, and to consider which quadrants need to be our priorities for limited mission planning resources. It suggests which churches may respond best to the particular gifts of mission planning consultants, and it provides warnings about the dangers and risks to the Church if all our efforts are centred in one quadrant at the exclusion of the others. It suggests priorities for leadership development and appropriate placements.

However, it is but a model. As always, our effectiveness as consultants and as a church will be measured by the faithful discernment of God's spirit in our midst.



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Quadrant B EMPOWER

Personal qualities of an "all of picture view", personal ego-strength, conflict management and especially humility alongside a capacity to inspire.

Quadrant C

BUILD – from valuing small things, knowing how to make new initiatives sustainable, confident and grounded.

High capacity to respond to missional opportunities

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Smaller congregations Faith communities

Larger congregations Sentinel congregations